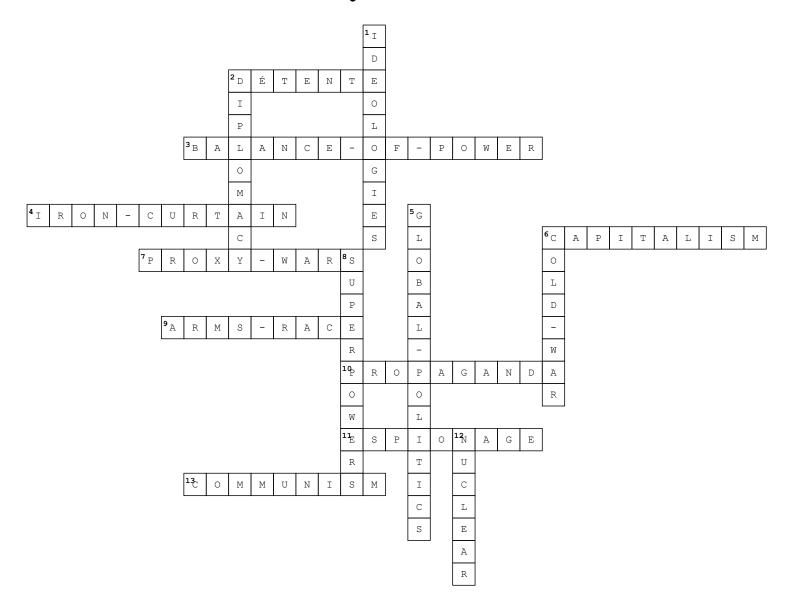
The History of the Cold War



Across

- **2.** The easing of hostility or strained relations, especially between countries.
- **3.** A situation in which nations of the world have roughly equal power.
- **4.** A term used by Winston Churchill to describe the dividing line between Western democracies and Eastern Communist countries during the Cold War.
- **6.** An economic and political system in which a country's trade and industry are controlled by private owners for profit, rather than by the state.
- 7. A war instigated by a major power that does not itself become involved.

Down

- Systems of ideas and ideals, especially ones that form the basis of economic or political theory and policy.
- **2.** The profession, activity, or skill of managing international relations, typically by a country's representatives abroad.
- **5.** The discipline that studies the political and economic patterns of the world.
- **6.** The state of political hostility that existed between the Soviet bloc countries and the US-led Western powers from 1945 to 1990.
- **8.** A very powerful and influential nation, especially a nuclear-armed one.

- **9.** A competition between nations for superiority in the development and accumulation of weapons.
- **10.** Information, especially of a biased or misleading nature, used to promote a political cause or point of view.
- 11. The practice of spying or using spies to obtain information about the plans and activities of a foreign government or a competing company.
- 13. A political theory derived from Karl Marx, advocating class war and leading to a society in which all property is publicly owned, and each person works and is paid according to their abilities and needs.

12. Relating to the nucleus of an atom; weapons that derive destructive force from nuclear reactions.