ENGLISH PLUS

WITH
ANSWER
KEY

PRACTICE WORKSHEETS



LISTENING

ANIMALS - BATS

Listening | Animals-Bats

Comprehension

1. Put the headers where they belong in the text below.

[1]

It is nearly dark. From out of a cave, a black cloud **swirls**. Suddenly you realize that it is made up of thousands of bats.

Does this make you think of Halloween, or movies about Dracula? People often fear bats as "creatures of the night." Yet these remarkable animals are helpful to us. They eat insect **pests**. They **pollinate** useful plants, as bees do. Their droppings, called guano, are used as fertilizer.

[2]

Bats are mammals. They are the only mammals that fly. There are nearly 1,000 **species** of bats. They are found in all kinds of **habitats**. Bats live in tropical rain forests. They live in climates so cold that trees won't grow there. Unlike other mammals, when bats rest they lower their body temperature to save energy. In very cold weather, they **hibernate**.

A bat's wings are made of two layers of skin. The wings are supported by bones like those in your hand. The thumbs have claws and lie outside the wings. The bat uses them to cling to the places where it **roosts**. These may be trees, caves, or even buildings. Muscles attached to the wings power the bat's flight.

Bats come in many sizes. The largest is the Malayan flying fox. It is 16 inches (41 centimeters) long. Its wings span 5.6 feet (1.7 meters). The Kitti's hog-nosed bat is the smallest of all mammals. It's about an inch (3 centimeters) long-the size of a bumblebee-and is also known as the bumblebee bat.

[3]

Bats are divided into two groups, megabats (large) and microbats (small). Megabats are called "flying foxes" because of their foxlike faces. They eat mostly fruit. Because they are **sloppy** eaters, they spread the seeds and pollen of fruits such as bananas, dates, and figs. This **scattering** helps the plants reproduce.

Most microbats are meat eaters. About two-thirds of all bat species eat insects. One common American species, the little brown bat, may eat 600 mosquitoes in an hour. Other microbats eat fish, frogs, small birds, lizards, and small mammals.

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[4]

It isn't true that bats are "blind as a bat." Most fruit-eating bats feed by day and can see very well. Some even see colors. Even microbats, which sleep by day and hunt by night, have some vision. They use it to find food. They also use smell and, especially, hearing.

Bats send out short pulses of sound. The sounds are usually too high for people to hear. The sound waves spread out in front of the bat. They strike objects in its path and bounce back as an echo. This process, called echolocation, helps the bat find food and avoid bumping into things.

[5]

Then there are the famous vampire bats. There are three species of vampire bats, all in Central and South America. And yes, they do feed on blood, mostly that of farm animals. A vampire bat needs about two tablespoons of blood a day.

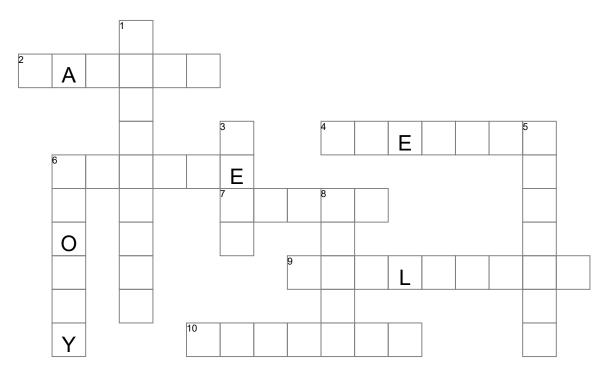
Even vampire bats have their uses. Their **saliva** contains a substance that prevents blood from clotting. Doctors use it to make a medicine for heart attack and **stroke** patients. The name of this medicine is Draculin.

- A. KINDS OF BATS
- B. BATS
- C. WHAT IS A BAT?
- D. VAMPIRE BATS
- E. HOW DO BATS FIND FOOD?

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Key Vocabulary Practice

2. Using the Across and Down clues, write the correct words in the numbered grid below.



ACROSS

- 2. spit, dribble, drool, slaver
- 4. kind, sort, type, group
- 6. A _____ of luck or good fortune is something lucky that happens.
- 7. whirl, churn, spin, twist
- 9. to transfer pollen from the anthers to the stigma of (a flower)
- 10. home, environment, surroundings, element

DOWN

- 1. sleep, lie dormant, winter, overwinter
- 3. You can describe someone, especially a child, as a if they keep bothering you.
- 5. If you _____ things over an area, you throw or drop them so that they spread all over the area.
- If you describe someone or something as ______, you mean that they are sentimental and romantic.
- 8. A _____ is a place where birds or bats rest or sleep.

Choose the best option the completes the sentences below:

- 3. ___ the animals of such a group a. habitat b. roost c. swirl d. scatter e. species
- 4. ___ a person or thing that annoys, esp by imposing itself when it is not wanted; nuisance a. pollinate b. stroke c. sloppy d. saliva e. pest
- 5. ___ the environment in which an animal or plant normally lives or grows
 - a. habitat b. saliva c. roost d. sloppy e. hibernate
- 6. ___ disperse, separate, break up, dispel
 - a scatter b pollinate c habitat d swirl e hibernate

7	If bad or wrong things that someone has done in the past have come home to, or if their chickens have come home to, they are now experiencing the unpleasant effects of these actions. a. scatter b. stroke c. roost d. pest e. species
8	(of some mammals, reptiles, and amphibians) to pass the winter in a dormant condition with metabolism greatly slowed down Compare aestivate a. swirl b. roost c. hibernate d. species e. sloppy
9	to transfer pollen from a stamen to the upper tip of the pistil of (a flower) a. stroke b. pollinate c. habitat d. scatter e. saliva
10	A of genius or inspiration is a very good idea that someone suddenly has. a. species b. pest c. scatter d. stroke e. roost
	_ careless; untidy _ a. pest _b. swirl _c. sloppy _d. stroke _e. pollinate
12	the secretion ofry glands, consisting of a clear usually slightly acid aqueous fluid of variable composition. It moistens the oral cavity, prepares food for swallowing, and initiates the process of digestion a. sloppy b. hibernate c. scatter d. habitat e. saliva
13	to turn or cause to turn in a twisting spinning fashion
	a. saliva b. swirl c. habitat d. pest e. pollinate
correctl	a. saliva b. swiff c. nabitat d. pest e. pollinate h question below a number of similar words appear, but only one is spelled ly and matches the clue that is provided. Write the letter of the correctly word in the space by the question number.
correctl spelled 14	h question below a number of similar words appear, but only one is spelled ly and matches the clue that is provided. Write the letter of the correctly
correcti spelled 14	h question below a number of similar words appear, but only one is spelled by and matches the clue that is provided. Write the letter of the correctly word in the space by the question number. a. SWIRLE b. SWIRL c. SWIRLL d. SWWIRL If you something liquid or flowing, or if its, it moves round and round
correcti spelled 14 15	h question below a number of similar words appear, but only one is spelled by and matches the clue that is provided. Write the letter of the correctly word in the space by the question number. a. SWIRLE b. SWIRL c. SWIRLL d. SWWIRL If you something liquid or flowing, or if its, it moves round and round quickly. a. HYBERNATE b. HIBRNAT c. HIBERNEAT d. HIBERNATE
14 15	th question below a number of similar words appear, but only one is spelled by and matches the clue that is provided. Write the letter of the correctly word in the space by the question number. a. SWIRLE b. SWIRL c. SWIRLL d. SWWIRL If you something liquid or flowing, or if it s, it moves round and round quickly. a. HYBERNATE b. HIBRNAT c. HIBERNEAT d. HIBERNATE Animals that spend the winter in a state like a deep sleep. a. PEST b. PEGT c. PESTE d. PYST
14 16 17	h question below a number of similar words appear, but only one is spelled by and matches the clue that is provided. Write the letter of the correctly word in the space by the question number. a. SWIRLE b. SWIRL c. SWIRLL d. SWWIRL If you something liquid or flowing, or if it s, it moves round and round quickly. a. HYBERNATE b. HIBRNAT c. HIBERNEAT d. HIBERNATE Animals that spend the winter in a state like a deep sleep. a. PEST b. PEGT c. PESTE d. PYST s are insects or small animals which damage crops or food supplies. a. SLOPPY b. SLOPPYE c. SLOPPEE d. SLOPY If you describe someone's work or activities as, you mean they have been done
14 15 16 17	th question below a number of similar words appear, but only one is spelled by and matches the clue that is provided. Write the letter of the correctly word in the space by the question number. a. SWIRLE b. SWIRL c. SWIRLL d. SWWIRL If you something liquid or flowing, or if it s, it moves round and round quickly. a. HYBERNATE b. HIBRNAT c. HIBERNEAT d. HIBERNATE Animals that spend the winter in a state like a deep sleep. a. PEST b. PEGT c. PESTE d. PYST s are insects or small animals which damage crops or food supplies. a. SLOPPY b. SLOPPYE c. SLOPPEE d. SLOPY If you describe someone's work or activities as, you mean they have been done in a careless and lazy way. a. STROKEE b. STROK c. STTROKE d. STROKE If someone has a, a blood vessel in their brain bursts or becomes blocked,

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20	a. ROOYT b. ROOST c. ROWST d. ROOSTE When birds or bats somewhere, they rest or sleep there.
21	a. HABBITAT b. HABITAG c. HABITATE d. HABITAT The of an animal or plant is the natural environment in which it normally lives or grows.
22	a. SPECIES b. SPECEIS c. SPECYES d. SPECEES A is a class of plants or animals whose members have the same main characteristics and are able to breed with each other.
23	a. SCATTER b. SATTER c. SPATTER d. SCATTIR If a group of people or if you them, they suddenly separate and move in different directions.
24	 a. POLLINATE b. POLLLINATE c. POLLINATE d. POLINATE To a plant or tree means to fertilize it with pollen. This is often done by insects.

25. Find the hidden words. The words have been placed horizontally, vertically, or diagonally. When you locate a word, draw a circle around it.

J	Н	S	Y	Р	Е	I	S	M	L	R	W	J	U	N	F	0	N	F	В
V	Α	Y	Р	Р	E	W	S	G	Н	W	U	L	V	S	Т	R	0	K	Е
R	В	0	Q	Ε	W	S	X	F	I	X	V	F	Е	K	Q	J	Т	W	L
I	I	N	ı	M	С	V	Т	M	В	L	N	S	С	Α	Т	Т	Е	R	Α
Н	Т	G	٧	Α	Q	I	S	Н	Е	R	0	Н	R	U	С	F	N	W	I
Н	Α	Т	Н	Α	R	F	Е	Р	R	I	V	Z	G	Y	J	L	Z	Z	Е
S	Т	Α	Q	0	R	J	W	S	N	W	Е	N	X	٧	J	R	Z	U	G
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ı	S	0	Р	В	Р	Y	Е	Y	Т	L	Р	U	С	٧	٧	X	V	F	О
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S	Q	W	L	С	Y	Т	M	L	K	N	G	S	D	V	K	R	Е	S	Т

saliva pest pollinate roost sloppy stroke species swirl scatter habitat hibernate

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Listening Practice | Intermediate

26. Fill in the blanks while you listen to the episode.

BATS

is nearly dark. From out of a cave, a black cloud swirls . Suddenly you realize that it is made up of housands of bats.
Does this make you think of Halloween, or movies [1] Dracula? People often fear pats as "creatures of the night." Yet these remarkable animals are helpful to us. They eat insect pests . They pollinate useful plants, as bees do. Their droppings, called guano, are used as fertilizer.
WHAT IS A BAT?
Bats are mammals. They are the only mammals that fly. There are nearly 1,000 species of bats. They are found in all kinds of habitats . Bats live in tropical rain forests. They live in climates so cold that rees won't grow there. Unlike other mammals, when bats rest they lower their body temperature to save energy. In very cold weather, they hibernate .
A bat's wings are made of two [2] of skin. The wings are supported by bones like hose in your hand. The [3] have claws and lie outside the wings. The bat uses hem to cling to the places where it roosts . These may be trees, [4], or even buildings. Muscles attached to the wings power the bat's flight.
Bats come in many [5] . The largest is the Malayan flying fox. It is 16 inches (41 centimeters) long. Its wings span 5.6 feet (1.7 meters). The Kitti's hog-nosed bat is the smallest of all nammals. It's about an inch (3 centimeters) long-the size of a bumblebee-and is also
6] as the [7] bat.
KINDS OF BATS
Bats are divided into two [8], megabats (large) and [9] (small). Megabats are called "[10] foxes" because of their foxlike faces. They eat mostly fruit. Because they are sloppy eaters, they spread the seeds and [11] of
such as bananas, dates, and figs. This scattering [13] the
14] reproduce.
Most microbats are meat eaters. About two-thirds of all bat species eat insects. One common
American species, the [15] brown bat, may eat 600 mosquitoes in an hour. Other

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microbats eat fish, frogs, small birds, lizards, and small mammals.

HOW DO BATS FIND FOOD?

t isn't true that bats are "blind as a	bat." Most fruit-eating ba	ats feed by day and can see very	well. Some
even see colors. Even microbats, v	vhich sleep by day and h	nunt by night, have some vision. T	hey use it
to find food. They also use smell ar	nd, especially, hearing.		
Bats send out short pulses of [16]	The	sounds are usually too high for p	eople to
hear. The sound waves spread out	in front of the bat. They	strike objects in its path and bour	ice back as
an echo. This process, called [17]	, helps	the bat find food and avoid	
[18] into things	3.		
VAMPIRE BATS			
Then there are the famous vampire	bats. There are three s	pecies of [19]	bats, all in
Central and [20]	_ America. And yes, the	ey do feed on blood, mostly that o	f farm
animals. A vampire bat needs abo	ut two [21]	of blood a day.	
Even vampire bats have their uses	. Their saliva contains a	substance that prevents blood fr	om clotting.
Doctors use it to make a medicine	for heart attack and str	oke patients. The name of this me	edicine is
Draculin.			
A. caves D. about G. layers J. groups M. thumbs P. fruits S. tablespoons	B. bumblebeeE. SouthH. soundK. plantsN. sizesQ. littleT. known	C. echolocationF. bumpingI. vampireL. pollenO. helpsR. flyingU. microbats	

Listening Practice | Advanced

27. Fill in the blanks while you listen to the episode.

BATS

It is nearly dark. From	m out of a cave, a bla	ck cloud swirls . S	uddenly you realiz	e that it is made up of
[1]	of bats.			
Does this make you	— think of Halloween, o	r movies [2]	Dra	cula? People often fear
bats as "creatures o	f the night." Yet these	remarkable anima	lls are helpful to us	s. They eat insect pests .
They pollinate [3]	plar	nts, as bees do. Th	eir droppings, cal	led
[4]	, are used as fertil	izer.		
WHAT IS A BAT?				
Bats are [5]	They a	re the only mamma	als that fly. There a	are nearly 1,000
[6]	of bats. They are	[7]	in all [8]	of
habitats. Bats live in	n [9]	_rain forests. They	live in climates so	o cold that trees won't
grow there. [10]	other	mammals, when b	ats rest they lower	[11]
body temperature to	save energy. In very	cold weather, they	[12]	
A [13]	[14]	are made	e of two layers of s	skin. The
[15]	are [16]	by bone	es like those in yo	ur hand. The thumbs have
[17]	and lie [18]	the \	vings. The bat use	es them to cling to the
places where it [19]]	These may be tree	es, caves, or even	buildings. Muscles
[20]	to the wings power	er the bat's flight.		
Bats come in many	sizes. The [21]	is the	Malayan flying fox	It is 16 inches (41
[22]) long. Its wings spa	an 5.6 feet (1.7 <u>[23</u>	5]). The Kitti's [24]
bat is	the smallest of all [2	5]	It's about an	inch (3
[26]) long-the size of a	bumblebee-and is	also <u>[27]</u>	as the
[28]	bat.			
KINDS OF BATS				
Bats are divided into	o two groups, megab	ats (large) and mic	robats ([29]).
[30]	are called "flying	foxes" [31]	of th	neir foxlike faces. They
eat mostly fruit. Beca	ause they are sloppy	eaters, they [32]		_the seeds and
[33]	of fruits such as [34]	, dates, and f	igs. This

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[35]	neips the plants repro	auce.		
Most microbats are n	neat [36]	About two-third	ds of all bat species eat inse	cts. One
common American sp	pecies, the little brown ba	at, may eat 600 mos	squitoes in an hour. Other mi	crobats
eat fish, [37]	, small [38]	, liz	zards, and small mammals.	
HOW DO BATS FIN	D FOOD?			
It isn't true that bats a	re "blind as a bat." Most	[39]	bats feed by day and can s	ee very
well. Some even see	[40]	Even [41]	, [42]	
sleep by day and hun	by night, have some vis	ion. They use it to fi	nd food. They also use smel	l and,
especially, [43]				
Bats send out short [4	44]oi	f [45]	The sounds are	
[46]	too high for people to h	near. The sound <u>[47</u>	']spread	d out in
[48]	of the bat. They [49]	ob	jects in its path and	
[50]	back as an echo. Thi	s [51]	, called echolocation,	
[52]	the bat find food and	avoid bumping into	[53] .	
[54]	BATS			
Then there are the far	—— nous vampire bats. <u>[55]</u>		are three [56]	of
vampire bats, all in C	entral and [57]	America	. And yes, they do feed on bl	lood,
mostly that of farm an	imals. A <u>[58]</u>	bat needs	about two [59]	of
[60]	a day.			
Even vampire bats ha	uve their uses. Their [61]	contains a [62]	
that prevents [63]	from clo	otting. Doctors use i	t to make a <u>[64]</u>	
for heart attack and s	troke patients. The nam	e of this medicine is	s Draculin.	

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Spelling Practice

28. In each line of text below there is one word that has been misspelled. Circle the misspelled word and then write the correct spelling of the word on the line on the right side of the page.

BATSE	1.
It is nearly darke. From out of a cave, a black cloud swirls . Suddenly you reilize that it is made up of thousands of bats.	2. 3.
Does this make you think of Halloween, or moveis about Dracula?	4.
People aften fear bats as "creatures of the night." Yet these remarkable	5.
animals are helpful to us. They eat insect pests . They pollinate usefull	6.
plants, as bees do. Their droppings, called guano, are used as firtilizir.	7.
WHAT IS A BET?	8.
Bats our mammals. They are the only mammals that fly. There are nearly	9.
1,000 species of bats. They our found in all kinds of habitats . Bats live	10.
inn tropical rain forests. They live in climates so cold that trees won't	11.
grow there. Unlik other mammals, when bats rest they lower their	12.
bodee temperature to save energy. In very cold weather, they hibernate .	13.
A bat's whings are made of two layers of skin. The wings are supported	14.
by bones like those in your hand. The thumbs hav claws and lie outside	<u>15.</u>
the wings. The bat uses them to cling to the placese where it roosts .	16.
Thece may be trees, caves, or even buildings. Muscles attached to the	<u>17.</u>
wings power the bat's flight.	18.
Bats come in meny sizes. The largest is the Malayan flying fox. It is 16	19.
inches (41 centimeters) long. Itse wings span 5.6 feet (1.7 meters). The	20.
Kitti's hog-nosed bat is the smallest of all mammals. It's about an inch (3	21.
centimeters) long-the size of a bumblebee-and is also knon as the	22.
bumblebee but.	23.
KYNDS OF BATS	24.
Bats are divided into two groups, megabats (large) end microbats	25.
(small). Megabats are called "flying foxes" because of they're foxlike faces.	26.
They eat mostly fruit. Because they our sloppy eaters, they spread the	27.
seeds and pollen of fruits such az bananas, dates, and figs. This	28.
scatterng helps the plants reproduce.	29.
Most microbats are meat eaters. About two-thirds of all bat species eet	30.
insects. On common American species, the little brown bat, may eat	31.
600 mosquitoes in an hour. Other microbats eat fish, frrogs, small birds,	32.

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- 11 -
33.
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Listening | Animals-Bats

Comprehension

1. Put the headers where they belong in the text below.

[1] **BATS**

It is nearly dark. From out of a cave, a black cloud **swirls**. Suddenly you realize that it is made up of thousands of bats.

Does this make you think of Halloween, or movies about Dracula? People often fear bats as "creatures of the night." Yet these remarkable animals are helpful to us. They eat insect **pests**. They **pollinate** useful plants, as bees do. Their droppings, called guano, are used as fertilizer.

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[4] HOW DO BATS FIND FOOD?

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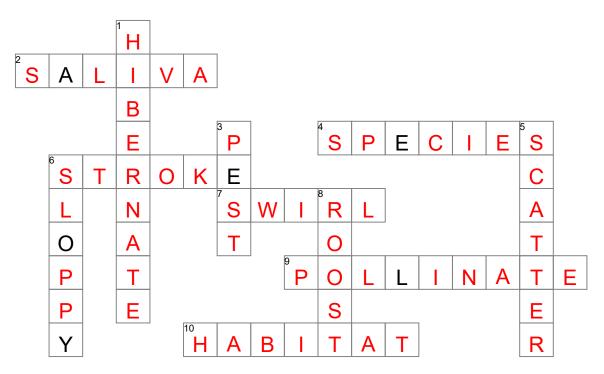
Even vampire bats have their uses. Their **saliva** contains a substance that prevents blood from clotting. Doctors use it to make a medicine for heart attack and **stroke** patients. The name of this medicine is Draculin.

- A. KINDS OF BATS
- B. BATS
- C. WHAT IS A BAT?
- D. VAMPIRE BATS
- E. HOW DO BATS FIND FOOD?

English Plus Podcast - 3 -

Key Vocabulary Practice

2. Using the Across and Down clues, write the correct words in the numbered grid below.



ACROSS

- 2. spit, dribble, drool, slaver
- 4. kind, sort, type, group
- 6. A _____ of luck or good fortune is something lucky that happens.
- 7. whirl, churn, spin, twist
- 9. to transfer pollen from the anthers to the stigma of (a flower)
- 10. home, environment, surroundings, element

DOWN

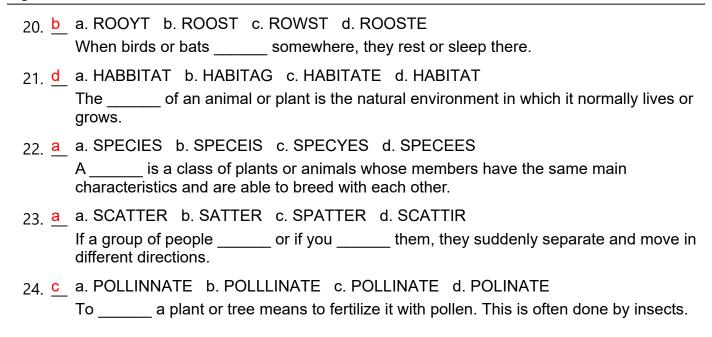
- 1. sleep, lie dormant, winter, overwinter
- 3. You can describe someone, especially a child, as a if they keep bothering you.
- 5. If you _____ things over an area, you throw or drop them so that they spread all over the area.
- 6. If you describe someone or something as _____, you mean that they are sentimental and romantic.
- 8. A _____ is a place where birds or bats rest or sleep.

Choose the best option the completes the sentences below:

- 3. <u>e</u> the animals of such a group a. habitat b. roost c. swirl d. scatter e. species
- 4. e a person or thing that annoys, esp by imposing itself when it is not wanted; nuisance a pollinate b stroke c sloppy d saliva e pest
- 5. <u>a</u> the environment in which an animal or plant normally lives or grows a. habitat b. saliva c. roost d. sloppy e. hibernate
- 6. <u>a</u> disperse, separate, break up, dispel a. scatter b. pollinate c. habitat d. swirl e. hibernate

7. <u>C</u>	If bad or wrong things that someone has done in the past have come home to, or if their chickens have come home to, they are now experiencing the unpleasant effects of these actions. a. scatter b. stroke c. roost d. pest e. species
8. <u>c</u>	of some mammals, reptiles, and amphibians) to pass the winter in a dormant condition with metabolism greatly slowed down Compare aestivate a. swirl b. roost c. hibernate d. species e. sloppy
9. <u>b</u>	to transfer pollen from a stamen to the upper tip of the pistil of (a flower) a. stroke b. pollinate c. habitat d. scatter e. saliva
10. <u>d</u>	A of genius or inspiration is a very good idea that someone suddenly has. a. species b. pest c. scatter d. stroke e. roost
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12. <u>e</u>	the secretion ofry glands, consisting of a clear usually slightly acid aqueous fluid of variable composition. It moistens the oral cavity, prepares food for swallowing, and initiates the process of digestion a. sloppy b. hibernate c. scatter d. habitat e. saliva
13. <u>b</u>	to turn or cause to turn in a twisting spinning fashion a. saliva b. swirl c. habitat d. pest e. pollinate
correct	h question below a number of similar words appear, but only one is spelled by and matches the clue that is provided. Write the letter of the correctly word in the space by the question number.
correcti spelled	ly and matches the clue that is provided. Write the letter of the correctly word in the space by the question number.
correcti spelled	ly and matches the clue that is provided. Write the letter of the correctly
correcti spelled 14. <u>b</u>	y and matches the clue that is provided. Write the letter of the correctly word in the space by the question number. a. SWIRLE b. SWIRL c. SWIRLL d. SWWIRL If you something liquid or flowing, or if its, it moves round and round quickly. a. HYBERNATE b. HIBRNAT c. HIBERNEAT d. HIBERNATE
torrection of the spelled of the spe	a. SWIRLE b. SWIRL c. SWIRLL d. SWWIRL If you something liquid or flowing, or if its, it moves round and round quickly. a. HYBERNATE b. HIBRNAT c. HIBERNEAT d. HIBERNATE Animals that spend the winter in a state like a deep sleep.
torrection of the spelled of the spe	y and matches the clue that is provided. Write the letter of the correctly word in the space by the question number. a. SWIRLE b. SWIRL c. SWIRLL d. SWWIRL If you something liquid or flowing, or if its, it moves round and round quickly. a. HYBERNATE b. HIBRNAT c. HIBERNEAT d. HIBERNATE
14. <u>b</u> 15. <u>d</u>	a. SWIRLE b. SWIRL c. SWIRLL d. SWWIRL If you something liquid or flowing, or if its, it moves round and round quickly. a. HYBERNATE b. HIBRNAT c. HIBERNEAT d. HIBERNATE Animals that spend the winter in a state like a deep sleep. a. PEST b. PEGT c. PESTE d. PYST
14. <u>b</u> 15. <u>d</u>	a. SWIRLE b. SWIRL c. SWIRLL d. SWWIRL If you something liquid or flowing, or if its, it moves round and round quickly. a. HYBERNATE b. HIBRNAT c. HIBERNEAT d. HIBERNATE Animals that spend the winter in a state like a deep sleep. a. PEST b. PEGT c. PESTE d. PYST s are insects or small animals which damage crops or food supplies.
14. <u>b</u> 15. <u>d</u> 17. <u>a</u>	a. SWIRLE b. SWIRL c. SWIRLL d. SWWIRL If you something liquid or flowing, or if its, it moves round and round quickly. a. HYBERNATE b. HIBRNAT c. HIBERNEAT d. HIBERNATE Animals that spend the winter in a state like a deep sleep. a. PEST b. PEGT c. PESTE d. PYST s are insects or small animals which damage crops or food supplies. a. SLOPPY b. SLOPPYE c. SLOPPEE d. SLOPY If you describe someone's work or activities as, you mean they have been done
14. <u>b</u> 15. <u>d</u> 17. <u>a</u>	a. SWIRLE b. SWIRL c. SWIRLL d. SWWIRL If you something liquid or flowing, or if it s, it moves round and round quickly. a. HYBERNATE b. HIBRNAT c. HIBERNEAT d. HIBERNATE Animals that spend the winter in a state like a deep sleep. a. PEST b. PEGT c. PESTE d. PYST s are insects or small animals which damage crops or food supplies. a. SLOPPY b. SLOPPYE c. SLOPPEE d. SLOPY If you describe someone's work or activities as, you mean they have been done in a careless and lazy way.
14. <u>b</u> 15. <u>d</u> 17. <u>a</u> 18. <u>d</u>	a. SWIRLE b. SWIRL c. SWIRLL d. SWWIRL If you something liquid or flowing, or if its, it moves round and round quickly. a. HYBERNATE b. HIBRNAT c. HIBERNEAT d. HIBERNATE Animals that spend the winter in a state like a deep sleep. a. PEST b. PEGT c. PESTE d. PYST s are insects or small animals which damage crops or food supplies. a. SLOPPY b. SLOPPYE c. SLOPPEE d. SLOPY If you describe someone's work or activities as, you mean they have been done in a careless and lazy way. a. STROKEE b. STROK c. STTROKE d. STROKE If someone has a, a blood vessel in their brain bursts or becomes blocked,
14. <u>b</u> 15. <u>d</u> 17. <u>a</u> 18. <u>d</u>	a. SWIRLE b. SWIRL c. SWIRLL d. SWWIRL If you something liquid or flowing, or if its, it moves round and round quickly. a. HYBERNATE b. HIBRNAT c. HIBERNEAT d. HIBERNATE Animals that spend the winter in a state like a deep sleep. a. PEST b. PEGT c. PESTE d. PYST s are insects or small animals which damage crops or food supplies. a. SLOPPY b. SLOPPYE c. SLOPPEE d. SLOPY If you describe someone's work or activities as, you mean they have been done in a careless and lazy way. a. STROKEE b. STROK c. STTROKE d. STROKE If someone has a, a blood vessel in their brain bursts or becomes blocked, which may kill them or make them unable to move one side of their body.

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25. Find the hidden words. The words have been placed horizontally, vertically, or diagonally. When you locate a word, draw a circle around it.

J	A	S	Y	P	E	I	S	М	L	R	W	J	U	N	F	0	N	F	В
V	Α	Y	P	P	É	W	S	G	A	W	U	L	V	S	Τ	R	0	K	Ð
R	В	0	Q	E	W	S	X	F	I	X	V	F	Е	K	Q	J	Т	W	L
I	I	N	ı	М	C	V	D	М	В	凸	N	S	С	Α	Τ	Τ	Ε	B	Α
Н	Т	G	٧	Α	Q		S	Н	E	R	0	Н	R	U	С	F	N	W	
Н	Α	Т	Н	Α	R	F	É	Р	R	I	V	Z	G	Y	J	L	Z	Z	E
S	J	Α	Q	0	R	J	W	S	N	W	Е	N	X	٧	J	R	Z	U	G
V	Ĺ	Q	Α	E	С	F	N	J	Α	S	С	Q	Z	В	K	U	X	D	R
I	S	0	Р	В	Р	Υ	Е	Y	Т	L	Р	U	С	٧	V	X	٧	F	0
Α	С	T	P	K	U	X	Z	N	E	Н	L	В	S	Α	L		V	A	0
K	V	Т	S	P	Α	S	Α	P	0	L	L		N	Α	Τ	Ð	Z	K	S
S	Q	W	L	C	Ŋ	Т	M	L	K	N	G	S	D	V	K	R	Е	S	П

saliva pest pollinate roost sloppy stroke species swirl scatter habitat hibernate

English Plus Podcast - 6 -

Listening Practice | Intermediate

26. Fill in the blanks while you listen to the episode.

BATS

It is nearly dark. From out of a cave, a black cloud swirls . Suddenly you realize that it is made up of thousands of bats.
Does this make you think of Halloween, or movies [1] about Dracula? People often fear bats as "creatures of the night." Yet these remarkable animals are helpful to us. They eat insect pests . They pollinate useful plants, as bees do. Their droppings, called guano, are used as fertilizer.
WHAT IS A BAT?
Bats are mammals. They are the only mammals that fly. There are nearly 1,000 species of bats. They are found in all kinds of habitats . Bats live in tropical rain forests. They live in climates so cold that trees won't grow there. Unlike other mammals, when bats rest they lower their body temperature to save energy. In very cold weather, they hibernate .
A bat's wings are made of two [2] layers of skin. The wings are supported by bones like those in your hand. The [3] thumbs have claws and lie outside the wings. The bat uses them to cling to the places where it roosts . These may be trees, [4] caves, or even buildings. Muscles attached to the wings power the bat's flight. Bats come in many [5] sizes The largest is the Malayan flying fox. It is 16 inches (41 centimeters) long. Its wings span 5.6 feet (1.7 meters). The Kitti's hog-nosed bat is the smallest of all mammals. It's about an inch (3 centimeters) long-the size of a bumblebee-and is also
[6] known as the [7] bumblebee bat.
KINDS OF BATS
Bats are divided into two [8] groups, megabats (large) and [9] microbats (small). Megabats are called "[10] flying foxes" because of their foxlike faces. They eat mostly fruit. Because they are sloppy eaters, they spread the seeds and [11] pollen of [12] fruits such as bananas, dates, and figs. This scattering [13] helps the [14] plants reproduce.
Most microbats are meat eaters. About two-thirds of all bat species eat insects. One common American species, the [15] little brown bat, may eat 600 mosquitoes in an hour. Other

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It isn't true that bats are "blind as a bat." Most fruit-eating bats feed by day and can see very well. Some

microbats eat fish, frogs, small birds, lizards, and small mammals.

HOW DO BATS FIND FOOD?

even see colors. Even microbats, which sleep by day and hunt by night, have some vision. They use it to find food. They also use smell and, especially, hearing.

Bats send out short pulses of [16] sound ______. The sounds are usually too high for people to hear. The sound waves spread out in front of the bat. They strike objects in its path and bounce back as an echo. This process, called [17] echolocation _____, helps the bat find food and avoid [18] bumping ______ into things.

VAMPIRE BATS

Then there are the famous vampire bats. There are three species of [19] vampire ______ bats, all in Central and [20] South _____ America. And yes, they do feed on blood, mostly that of farm animals. A vampire bat needs about two [21] tablespoons of blood a day.

Even vampire bats have their uses. Their **saliva** contains a substance that prevents blood from clotting. Doctors use it to make a medicine for heart attack and **stroke** patients. The name of this medicine is Draculin.

- A. cavesD. aboutG. layersJ. groupsM. thumbsP. fruitsS. tablespoons
- B. bumblebeeE. SouthH. soundK. plantsN. sizesQ. littleT. known

C. echolocationF. bumpingI. vampireL. pollenO. helpsR. flyingU. microbats

English Plus Podcast - 8 -

Listening Practice | Advanced

27. Fill in the blanks while you listen to the episode.

BATS

It is nearly dark. Fro	om out of a cave, a black cloud swirls . Suddenly you realize that	it is made up of
[1] thousands	of bats.	
Does this make yo	u think of Halloween, or movies [2] <mark>about</mark> Dracula?	People often fear
bats as "creatures	of the night." Yet these remarkable animals are helpful to us. The	y eat insect pests .
They pollinate [3]	useful plants, as bees do. Their droppings, called	
[4] guano	, are used as fertilizer.	
WHAT IS A BAT?		
Bats are [5] mamr	nals They are the only mammals that fly. There are nea	arly 1,000
[6] species	of bats. They are [7] found in all [8] kinds	of
habitats. Bats live	in [9] tropical rain forests. They live in climates so cold	that trees won't
grow there. [10] U	other mammals, when bats rest they lower [11]	their
body temperature t	o save energy. In very cold weather, they [12] hibernate	
A [13] bat's	[14] wings are made of two layers of skin. T	- he
[15] wings	are [16] supported by bones like those in your han	d. The thumbs have
[17] claws	and lie [18] outside the wings. The bat uses then	m to cling to the
places where it [19	. These may be trees, caves, or even build	ings. Muscles
[20] attached	to the wings power the bat's flight.	
Bats come in many	sizes. The [21] <mark>largest is the Malayan flying fox. It is 1</mark>	16 inches (41
[22] centimeters) long. lts wings span 5.6 feet (1.7 <u>[23] meters</u>). T	he Kitti's [24] hog-
nosed bat	s the smallest of all <u>[25] <mark>mammals</mark></u> . It's about an inch ((3
[26] centimeters) long-the size of a bumblebee-and is also [27] known	as the
[28] bumblebee	bat.	
KINDS OF BATS		
Bats are divided in	to two groups, megabats (large) and microbats ([29] small).
[30] Megabats	are called "flying foxes" [31] because of their for	xlike faces. They
eat mostly fruit. Be	cause they are sloppy eaters, they [32] spread the s	seeds and
[33] pollen	of fruits such as [34] bananas, dates, and figs. Th	าis

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[35] scattering	helps the plants repro	duce.		
Most microbats are	meat [36] <mark>eaters</mark>	About two-	thirds of all bat spe	cies eat insects. One
common American s	species, the little brown ba	at, may eat 600	mosquitoes in an h	our. Other microbats
eat fish, [37] frogs	, small [38] <mark>b</mark> i	rds	, lizards, and smal	l mammals.
HOW DO BATS FI	ND FOOD?		_	
It isn't true that bats	are "blind as a bat." Most	[39] <mark>fruit-eating</mark>	bats feed by d	ay and can see very
well. Some even see	e [40] <u>colors</u> .	Even [41] micro	o <mark>bats</mark> , [42]	which
sleep by day and hu	nt by night, have some vis	ion. They use it	to find food. They a	lso use smell and,
especially, [43] <mark>hea</mark>	ring .			
Bats send out short	[44] pulses of	[45] sound	The sou	nds are
[46] <mark>usually</mark>	too high for people to h	ear. The sound	[47] waves	spread out in
[48] front	of the bat. They [49] st	rike	objects in its path	and
[50] bounce	back as an echo. Thi	s [51] process	, called e	cholocation,
[52] <mark>helps</mark>	the bat find food and	avoid bumping i	nto [53] things	
[54] VAMPIRE	BATS			
Then there are the fa	amous vampire bats. <u>[55]</u>	There	are three [<u>56]</u>	species of
vampire bats, all in 0	Central and [57] South	Ame	rica. And yes, they	do feed on blood,
mostly that of farm a	nimals. A [58] vampire	bat nee	eds about two [59]	tablespoons of
[60] blood	a day.			
Even vampire bats h	nave their uses. Their [61	saliva	contains a [62	2] substance
that prevents [63] bl	lood from clo	tting. Doctors u	se it to make a <u>[64</u>] medicine
for heart attack and	stroke patients. The nam	e of this medicir	ne is Draculin.	

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Spelling Practice

28. In each line of text below there is one word that has been misspelled. Circle the misspelled word and then write the correct spelling of the word on the line on the right side of the page.

BATSE

It is nearly darke. From out of a cave, a black cloud **swirls**. Suddenly you reilize that it is made up of thousands of bats.

Does this make you think of Halloween, or moveis about Dracula? People aften fear bats as "creatures of the night." Yet these remarkable animals are helpful to us. They eat insect **pests**. They **pollinate** usefull plants, as bees do. Their droppings, called guano, are used as firtilizir.

WHAT IS A BET?

Bats our mammals. They are the only mammals that fly. There are nearly 1,000 **species** of bats. They our found in all kinds of **habitats**. Bats live inn tropical rain forests. They live in climates so cold that trees won't grow there. Unlik other mammals, when bats rest they lower their bodee temperature to save energy. In very cold weather, they **hibernate**.

A bat's whings are made of two layers of skin. The wings are supported by bones like those in your hand. The thumbs hav claws and lie outside the wings. The bat uses them to cling to the placese where it **roosts**. Thece may be trees, caves, or even buildings. Muscles attached to the wings power the bat's flight.

Bats come in meny sizes. The largest is the Malayan flying fox. It is 16 inches (41 centimeters) long. Itse wings span 5.6 feet (1.7 meters). The Kitti's hog-nosed bat is the smallest of all mammals. It's about an inch (3 centimeters) long-the size of a bumblebee-and is also knon as the bumblebee but.

KYNDS OF BATS

Bats are divided into two groups, megabats (large) end microbats (small). Megabats are called "flying foxes" because of they're foxlike faces. They eat mostly fruit. Because they our **sloppy** eaters, they spread the seeds and pollen of fruits such az bananas, dates, and figs. This **scatterng** helps the plants reproduce.

Most microbats are meat eaters. About two-thirds of all bat species eet insects. On common American species, the little brown bat, may eat 600 mosquitoes in an hour. Other microbats eat fish, frrogs, small birds,

1. BATS	
2. dark	
3. realize	

4. movies	
5. often	
6 useful	

7.	ferti	ilizer

8. BAT

9. are	
10. are	
11 in	

1 1. 111	
12. Unlike	
13 hody	

14. wings	
15. have	
16. places	
17. These	

18. s	
19. many	
20. Its	
21. s	
22 known	

24. KINDS	
25. and	
26. their	

23. bat

26	. their
27	. are
28	. as
29	. scattering

30. eat	
31. One	
32. frogs	

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lizardse, and small mammals.

HOW DO BOTS FIND FOOD?

It isn't true that batse are "blind as a bat." Most fruit-eating bats feed by day and can see viry well. Some even see colors. Even microbats, which sleep by day and hunt by night, have some vesion. They use it to find food. They also use smell and, especially, heareng.

Bats send out chort pulses of sound. The sounds are usually too high for people to hear. The sound waves spread out in front of tha bat. They strike objects in its path and bounce back az an echo. This process, called echolocation, helps the bat find food and avoid bumping into thinggs.

VAMPIRE BAJS

Then there our the famous vampire bats. There are three species of vampire bats, all in Centrel and South America. And yes, they do feed on blood, mostly that off farm animals. A vampire bat needs about two tablespoons off blood a day.

Even vampire batt have their uses. Their **saliva** contains a substance that prevents blood from cloting. Doctors use it to make a medicine for heart attack and **stroke** patients. Th name of this medicine is Draculin.

33. lizards
34. BATS
35. bats
36. very
37. vision
38. hearing
39. short
40. the
41. as
42. things
43. BATS
44. are
45. Central
46. of
47. of
48. bats
49. clotting
50. The